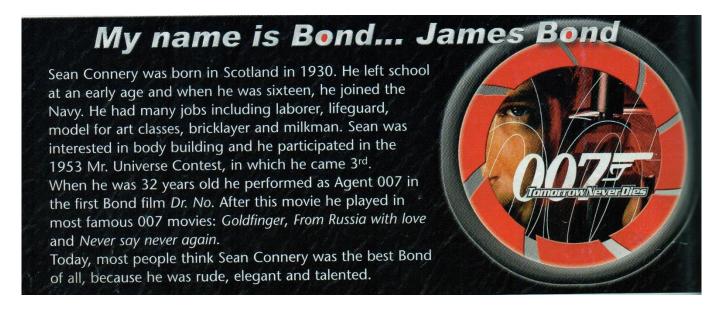


INSTITUCION EDUCATIVA LA PRESENTACION				
NOMBRE				
ALUMNA:				
AREA:	HUMANIDAI	DES		
ASIGNATURA:	INGLES	INGLES		
DOCENTE:	BLANCA MARQUEZ			
TIPO DE GUIA:	GUIA DE APRENDIZAJE			
PERIODO	GRADO	No	FECHA	DURACION
1	8°	2	20/02/2023	1 UNIDAD

### INDICADOR DE DESEMPEÑO

Identificar las diferencias gramaticales entre el presente y el pasado.



# PRESENT SIMPLE (I DO) = IN GENERAL, ALL THE TIME OR SOMETIMES

- I work every day from 9 o'clock to 5:30.
- Tom has a shower every morning.
- It rains a lot in winter.
- I don't watch television very often.
- What do you usually do at the weekend?

We do not use these verbs in the present continuos (I am- ing)

Like	Love	Want	know	Understand	Remember	depend
prefer	hate	Need	Mean	Believe	Forget	

Use only the present simple with these verbs (I want / do you like?) etc.

- I'm tired. I want to go home. (not I'm wanting)
- "Do you know that girl?" "Yes, but I don't remember her name"
- I don't understand. What do you mean?

#### SIMPLE PAST

They **WATCH** television every evening. (Present simple)

They WATCHED television yesterday evening. (Past simple)

### **WATCHED** is the past simple:

I/ we/ you/ they	WATCHED
He/ she/ it	

the past simple is often **-ed** (regular verbs.) for example:

Work	worked	Dance	Danced
Clean	cleaned	Stay	stayed
Start	started	Need	needed

- I clean my teeth every morning. This morning I **cleaned** my teeth.
- Terry worked in a bank from 1996 to 2003.
- Yesterday it **rained** all morning. It **stopped** at lunchtime.
- We **enjoyed** the party last night. We **danced** a lot and **talked** to a lot of people. The party **finished** at midnight.

Tr <b>y</b>	tr <b>ied</b>	Stud <b>y</b>	stud <b>ied</b>	Copy	cop <b>ied</b>
Sto <b>p</b>	sto <b>pped</b>	Pla <b>n</b>			
		pla <b>nned</b>			

Some verbs are *irregular* (= not regular) the past simple is *not* **-ed**. Here are some important irregular verbs.

Begin-began	Eat <b>-ate</b>	Have - had	Put – put	Speak - spoke
Break-broke	Fall <b>– fell</b>	Hear <b>– heard</b>	Read - read	Stand - stood
Bring- brought	Find <b>– found</b>	Know <b>– knew</b>	Ring - rang	Take <b>– took</b>
Build <b>– built</b>	fly <b>– flew</b>	Leave - left	Say - said	Tell <b>– told</b>
Catch - caught	Forget - forgot	Lose - lost	See – saw	Think – thought
Come - came	Get <b>– go</b> t	Make <b>– made</b>	Sell - sold	Win <b>– won</b>
Do <b>-did</b>	Go – went	Meet - met	Sit <b>– sat</b>	Write <b>– wrote</b>

- I usually get up early, but this morning I got up at 9 o'clock.
- We **did** a lot of work yesterday.

We used did/didn't + infinitive (watch/ play/ go) etc.

l watched	l didn't watch	(not I didn't watched)
they <b>went</b>	Did they go?	(not did they went)
He had	He didn't have	
You <b>did</b>	Did you do?	

- I played tennis yesterday, but I didn't win.
- **Did** you **do** the shopping? "No, I **didn't have** time"
- We went to the cinema, but we didn't enjoy the film.

Study the word order in questions:

	DID	Your sister	Phone	You?
What	Did	You	Do	Last night?
How	Did	The accident	Happen?	
where	Did	Your parents	Go	For their
		-		holiday?

### Short answer

YES,	I/we/ they	DID
	He/she/it	

NO,	I/we/They	Didn´t
	He/she/ it	

- "Did you see Joe yesterday?" "No, I didn't"
- "Did it rain on Sunday?" "Yes, it did."

## REMEMBER

## PRESENT PROGRESSIVE (CONTINUOUS)

To form the present continuous tense, use the verb to be and add ING at the end of the verb. Use the present continuous tense. To describe activities that are happening now.

### Example:

- They are playing basketball
- I am studying at Mary's school

To form verbs adding ING

- Read Reading
- Look Looking
- Water Watering
- Take Takering
- Have Having
- Give Giving

In short vowel verb ending in consonant, double the ending consonant and add ING.

- Sit sitting
- Shop shopping
- Get getting

Sometime a Word end in vowel + consonant (V + C)

- Stop stopping
- Run running
- Swim swimming
- A) Present continuous and present simple

Jack is watching television.

He is *not* playing the guitar.

But Jack has a guitar.

He often plays it and he plays very well

Jack **plays** the guitar,

But he **is not playing** the guitar now.

Is he playing the guitar?

No, he isn't. (present continuos)

Does he play the guitar?

Yes, he does. (present simple)

- B) Present continuos (**I am doing**) = now, at, the time of speaking:
  - Please be quiet. I'am working (not I work)
  - Tom **is** hav**ing** a shower, at the moment. (*not* Tom has)
  - Take an umbrella with you. It's raining.

Realiza el taller de la fotocopia del pasado

"ONCE YOU CHOOSE HOPE ANYTHING'S POSSIBLE"